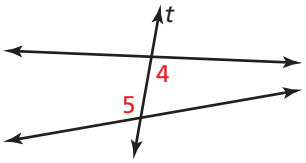
Vocabulary Flash Cards

alternate exterior angles *Chapter 3 (p. 128)*	**alternate interior angles** *Chapter 3 (p. 128)*
consecutive interior angles *Chapter 3 (p. 128)*	**corresponding angles** *Chapter 3 (p. 128)*
directed line segment *Chapter 3 (p. 156)*	**distance from a point to a line** *Chapter 3 (p. 148)*
parallel lines *Chapter 3 (p. 126)*	**parallel planes** *Chapter 3 (p. 126)*

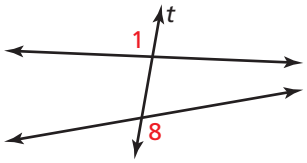
Vocabulary Flash Cards

Two angles that are formed by two lines and a transversal that are between the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal



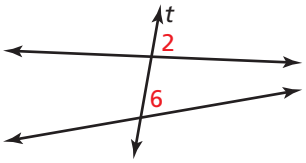
∠4 and ∠5 are alternate interior angles.

Two angles that are formed by two lines and a transversal that are outside the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal



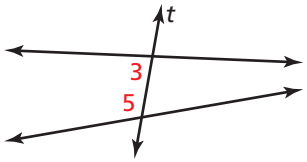
∠1 and ∠8 are alternate exterior angles.

Two angles that are formed by two lines and a transversal that are in corresponding positions



∠2 and ∠6 are corresponding angles.

Two angles that are formed by two lines and a transversal that lie between the two lines and on the same side of the transversal

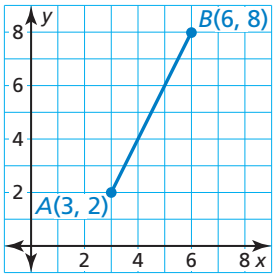


∠3 and ∠5 are consecutive interior angles.

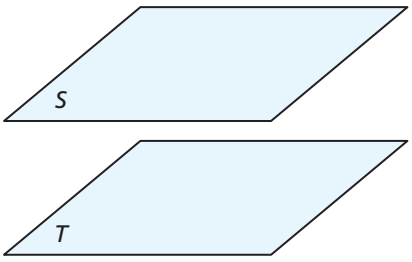
The length of the perpendicular segment from the point to the line

The distance between point *A* and the line *k* is *AB*.

A segment that represents moving from point *A* to point *B* is called the directed line segment *AB*.

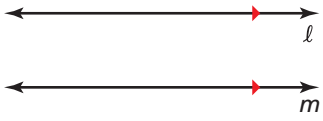


Planes that do not intersect



$S \parallel T$

Coplanar lines that do not intersect



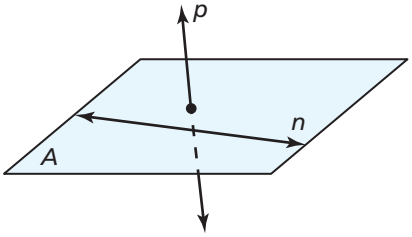
$\ell \parallel m$

Vocabulary Flash Cards

perpendicular bisector *Chapter 3 (p. 149)*	**skew lines** *Chapter 3 (p. 126)*
transversal *Chapter 3 (p. 128)*	

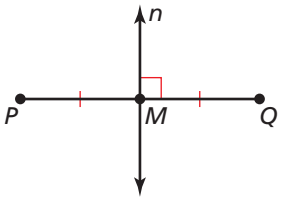
Vocabulary Flash Cards

Lines that do not intersect and are not coplanar



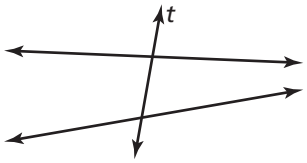
Lines *n* and *p* are skew lines.

A line that is perpendicular to a segment at its midpoint



Line *n* is the perpendicular bisector of $\overline{PQ}$.

A line that intersects two or more coplanar lines at different points.



transversal *t*